GOVERNMENT OF INDIA
HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE
LOK SABHA

UNSTARRED QUESTION NO:3457
ANSWERED ON:14.08.2000
PROGRAMMES FOR ERADICATION OF MALARIA
T.T.V. DHINAKARAN

Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) the programmes launched by the Government for the eradication of malaria in the country;

(b) the details of programmes that are cent percent Centrally financed; and

(c) the amount spent for malaria eradication in the country during the last three years, State-wise?

Answer

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (PROF. RITA VERMA)

(a) to (b) For control of malaria, a National Programme namely National Anti Malaria Programme (NAMP) is being implemented in the country generally as a category-II Centrally sponsored Scheme on Cost sharing basis between the Centre and the States. Under this Programme, the Central Govt. provides assistance in kind in the form of drugs, insecticides, larvicides, equipments etc. The States are to meet the operational cost and other expenses. However, for the North Eastern States, this Programme is 100% centrally funded since December, 1994.

In addition, an Enhanced Malaria Control Project (EMCP) with World Bank support, essentially covering 100 predominantly tribal highly malaria endemic districts of 7 peninsular States, namely Andhra Pradesh, Bihar, Orissa, Gujarat, Maharashtra, Madhya Pradesh and Rajasthan and 19 cities/towns (having high endemicity of Malaria in these States and in the State of Karnataka, Tamil Nadu & West Bengal) is being implemented since September, 1997. This Project aims at intensifying malaria control activities by way of additional inputs through a mix of interventions.

The specific strategy adopted for control of Malaria under the NAMP includes:-

Ãº Early Case Detection and Prompt Treatment (EDPT) through use of newer drugs and Rapid Diagnostic Kits.

Ãº Selective Vector control including use of Synthetic Pyrethroids in rural areas and Biolarvicides in urban areas.

Ãº Promotion of personal protection methods by use of Medicated Mosquito Nets (MMNs).

Ãº Early detection and containment of epidemics.

Ãº Information, Education and Communication for active community mobilization and participation.

Ãº Institutional Management and Capacity Building, manpower development through intensive re-orientation training programmes at all levels and efficient Management Information System (MIS).

(c) The requisite information is given in Annexure.

LOK SABHA U.S.Q.NO. 3457 FOR 14.08.2000

ANNEXURE

STATEMENT SHOWING EXPENDJITURE INCURRED BY CENTRAL GOVERNMENT, UNDER NATIONAL ANTI MALARIA PROGRAMME(NAMP) DURING 1997-98,1998-99 & 1999-2000.

(Rs. in Lakhs)

Name of State	1997-98 Expenditure	1998-99 Expenditure	1999-2000 Expenditure

Andhra Pradesh	617	482.93	663.5
Arunachal Pr.	297.5	186.61	229.22
Assam	2618	2170.42	2616.72
Bihar	348.98	403.05	578.66
Goa	5.18	7.72`	4.54
Gujarat	726.77	611.11	349.95
Haryana	291.08	260.39	160.95
Himachal Pradesh	90.84	51.47	92.45
Jammu & Kashmir	78.62	72.57	103.39
Karnataka	568.62	264.47	229.29
Kerala	63.6	102.73	49.63
Madhya Pradesh	1072.77	454.49	443.28
Maharashtra	1028.44	260.26	181.51
Manipur	273.91	377.34	219.53
Meghalaya	196.96	231.55	212.27
Mizoram	132	172.53	190.05
Nagaland 212.62	183.34	308.33	
Orissa	233.43	385.14	436.17
Punjab	183.26	290.67	148.45
Rajasthan	1799.74	1994.15`	1075.71
Sikkim	1.77	8.47	7.9
Tamil Nadu	204.88	240.72	114.19
Tripura	414.05	356.97	379.31
Uttar Pradesh	505.73	1121.92	527.8
West Bengal	125.71	330.9	501.99
A&N Island	93.83	155.68	111.28
Chandigarh	48.53	44.3	34.35
D&N HaveliavH	24.75	24.9	34.85
Daman & Diu	12.37	10.08	12.97
Delhi	66.04	37.21	20.1
Lakshadweep	3.48	5.24	5.82
Pondicherry	12.48	6.15	11.28
Total	12352.94	11305.48	10055.44